Physical Education Progression Map



Curriculum Overview.

Intent

Physical Education at Blue Hills Federation develops the children's knowledge, skills and understanding, so that they can perform with increasing competence and confidence in a range of physical activities. These include games, dance, fitness, cross-country, swimming and water safety, athletics, outdoor adventure activities, team building and problem solving activities. Physical Education at BHF promotes a love for exercise and competition through an understanding of their bodies in action. It involves thinking, selecting and applying skills, and it promotes positive attitudes towards a healthy lifestyle. Moreover, we empower the children to make informed choices about physical activity throughout their lives.

Implementation

Physical Education is delivered throughout carefully planned lessons each week, with the three pillars of progression at the heart of the planning process. In KS1, pupils master basic fundamental movements; running, jumping, throwing and catching, participate in team games attacking / defending and perform dances, and begin to develop basic problem solving skills and team building activities. In KS2 pupils develop these movements further: Run, jump, throw and catch in isolation and in combination. The children play competitive games; attacking / defending; they develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance - athletics / fitness and perform dances. Through both KS1 and KS2, children go swimming and develop a key life skill. Throughout the year, they are given the opportunity to develop throughout a number of organised competitive sporting festivals. All children are given the opportunity to attend an afterschool sports club continuing to promote and support physical activity of all children that attend. Children in KS2 have the opportunity to attend two different residential and outdoor activity centres. Each year, a small group of Year 6 children are invited to become Sports Leaders for the school. They develop into sporting role models for the younger children, assisting with lunch-time clubs, our annual Sports day and any many other sporting activities.

Impact

Through high quality teaching, which is fun and engaging, children will gain a broad and in-depth breadth of physical competences alongside learning how to lead a healthy and active lifestyle. The children learn to take responsibility for their own health and fitness through a range of skills developed across the curriculum. Children will experience a wide range of sports and activities through PE lessons and will then be confident to compete against their peers and children from other schools. Children will gain the social skills to work as a team and also reflect on their own performance whilst using the correct vocabulary. Children will experience winning and losing and how to behave in each situation, which will develop their knowledge of their own emotions. These lessons and experiences are all aligned to meet and run alongside the school's key 'values', Trust and Truth, Perseverance and Resilience, Love and Respect, Family and Friendship, Joy and happiness, and Thankfulness.



EYFS

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Fundamentals: Feet & Hand Eye Co-ordination. Attack/Defend	Fundamentals: Gymnastics. Dance.	Fundamentals: Bat & Ball. ABC'sC.
EYFS Disciplinary Knowledge:	EYFS Disciplinary Knowledge	EYFS Disciplinary Knowledge
Feet & Hand Eye Co-ordination.	Gymnastics.	Bat & Ball.
Explore sending an object with hands and feet. Explore catching to	Shapes: show contrast with my body including wide/narrow,	Striking: explore sending a ball to a partner. Fielding: explore
self and with a partner. Explore stopping a ball with hands and feet.	straight/curved. Balances: explore shapes in stillness using different	tracking and stopping a rolling ball. Throwing and catching: explore
Explore dropping and catching with two hands and moving a ball with	parts of my body. Rolls: explore rocking and rolling. Jumps: explore	rolling, throwing and catching using a variety of equipment.
feet.	jumping safely.	Agility, Balance, and Co-ordination.
Attacking & Defending.	Dance.	Explore running and stopping. Explore changing direction safely.
Explore changing direction and tagging games. Explore dodging and	Actions: explore how my body moves. Copy basic body actions and	Explore balancing whilst stationary and on the move. Begin to explore
feinting with and without a variety of equipment. Explore tracking	rhythms. Dynamics: explore actions in response to music and an idea.	jumping, take off and landing safely. Explore hopping on both feet.
other players. Explore defending a space and marking a player.	Space: begin to explore pathways and the space around me and in	Explore skipping as a travelling action.
	relation to others. Performance: perform short phrases of movement	
Pure et a vivir kalata	in front of others.	
EYFS Substantiative Knowledge	EYFS Substantiative Knowledge	EYFS Substantiative Knowledge
Feet & Hand Eye Co-ordination.	Gymnastics.	Bat & Ball.
Know to look at the target when sending a ball. Know to have hands	Shapes: understand that I can make different shapes with my body.	Striking: know to point my hand at my target when striking a ball.
out ready to catch. Know to watch the ball as it comes towards me	Balances: know that I should be still when holding a balance.	Fielding: know to scoop a ball with two hands. Throwing and catching:
and scoop it with two hands. Know that keeping the ball close will help	Rolls: know that I can change my body shape to help me to roll.	know to point my hand at my target when throwing. Know to have
with control.	Jumps: know that bending my knees will help me to land safely.	hands out ready to catch. Tactics: make simple decisions in response
Attacking & Defending.	Strategy: know that if I hold a shape and count to five people will see it clearly.	to a task. Rules: know that rules help us to stay safe.
Know that there are different roles in games. Know what an attacking	Dance	Agility, Balance, and Co-ordination.
player is and what a defending player is. Tactics: make simple	1 5 3.1155	Know that I use big steps to run and small steps to stop. Know that
decisions in response to a task. Rules: know that rules help us to stay safe.	Actions: understand that I can move my body in different ways to create interesting actions. Dynamics: understand that I can change	moving into space away from others helps to keep me safe. Balancing: know that I can hold my arms out to help me to balance. Jumping:
Suje.	my action to show an idea. Space: know that if I move into space it	know that I can note my arms out to help me to balance. Jumping: know that bending my knees will help me to land safely. Hopping:
	will help to keep me and others safe. Performance: know that when	understand that i use one foot to hop. Skipping: know that if I hop
	watching others, I sit quietly and clap at the end.	then step that will help me to skip.
	watering others, I sit quietry and clap at the end.	Then step that will help the to skip.



Disciplinary Knowledge.

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Invasion Games	Sending & receiving: explore s&r	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:
	with hands and feet to a	developing s&r with	explore s&r abiding by	develop passing	develop control when	sår consistently using
(Tag	partner.	increased control.	the rules of the game.	techniques appropriate	s&r under pressure.	a range of techniques
Rugby/Football/Netball/Hoc				to the game with		with increasing control
key/Handball/Basketball)	Dribbling: explore dribbling with	Dribbling: explore	Dribbling: explore	increasing success.	Dribbling: dribble with	under
Rey/ Hanaban/ Baskerban)	hands and feet.	dribbling with hands and	dribbling the ball abiding	Catch a ball using one	some control under	pressure.
	Space: recognise good space	feet with increasing	by the rules of the game	and two hands and	pressure.	
	when playing games.	control on the move.	under some pressure.	receive a ball with		Dribbling: dribble
				feet/object with	Space: explore moving	consistently using a
	Attacking: explore changing	Space: explore moving	Space: develop using	increasing success.	to create space for	range of techniques
	direction to move away from a	into space away from	space as a team.		themselves and others	with increasing control
	partner.	others.		Dribbling: link dribbling	in their team.	under pressure.
			Attacking: develop	the ball with other		
	Defending: explore tracking and	Attacking: developing	movement skills to lose a	actions and change	Attacking: use a variety	Space: move to the
	moving to stay with a partner.	moving into space away	defender. Explore	direction whilst	of techniques to lose an	correct space when
		from defenders.	shooting actions in a	dribbling with some	opponent e.g. change of	transitioning from
			range of invasion games.	control.	direction or speed.	attack to defence or
		Defending: explore				defence to attack and
		staying close to other	Defending: develop	Space: develop moving	Defending: develop	create and use space
		players to try and stop	tracking opponents to	into space to help my	tracking and marking	for self and others.
		them getting the ball.	limit their scoring	team.	with increased success.	
			opportunities.		Explore intercepting a	Attacking: confidently
				Attacking: change	ball using one and two	change direction to
				direction to lose an	hands.	lose an opponent
				opponent with some		
				success.		Defending: use a
						variety of defending
				Defending: develop		skills (tracking,
				defending one on one		interception,
				and begin to intercept.		jockeying) in game
						situations.



Net/Wall Games (Tennis/Table Tennis/Volleyball)	Hitting: explore hitting a dropped ball with a racket. Feeding: throw a ball over a net	Hitting: develop hitting a dropped ball over a net. Feeding: accurately	Shots: explore returning a ball using shots such as the forehand and backhand.	Shots: demonstrate technique when using shots playing co- operatively and	Shots: develop the range of shots used in a variety of games.	Shots: demonstrate increased success and technique in a variety of shots.
	to land into the court area.	underarm throw over a net to a partner.	Rallying: explore rallying	beginning to execute this competitively.	Serving: develop the range of serving	Serving: serve
	Rallying: explore sending a ball	ner to a partner.	using a forehand.	This competitively.	techniques appropriate	accurately and
	with hands and a racket.	Rallying: explore		Rallying: develop rallying	to the game.	consistently.
	Facturally use the week, position	underarm rallying with a partner catching after	Footwork: consistently use and return to the	using both forehand and backhand with increased	Dally in a grant a grant attent	Rallying: successfully
	Footwork: use the ready position to move towards a ball.	one bounce.	ready position in between shots.	technique.	Rallying: use a variety of shots to keep a continuous rally.	apply a variety of shots to keep a
		Footwork: consistently		Footwork: begin to use	,	continuous rally.
		use the ready position to		appropriate footwork	Footwork: demonstrate	
		move towards a ball.		patterns to move around	effective footwork	Footwork:
				the court.	patterns to move around	demonstrate a variety
					the court.	of footwork patterns relevant to the
						game I am playing.
Striking & Fielding	Striking: explore striking a ball	Striking: develop	Striking: begin to strike	Striking: develop batting	Striking: explore	Striking: strike a
Games	with their hand and equipment.	striking a ball with their	a bowled ball after a	technique with a range	defensive and driving	bowled ball with
(Cricket/Rounders/Danish		hand and equipment with	bounce with different	of equipment.	hitting techniques and	increasing accuracy
Longball)	Fielding: develop tracking and	some consistency.	equipment.	Philipped Landau Park	directional batting.	and consistency.
	retrieving a ball.	Fielding: develop	Fielding: explore bowling	Fielding: develop bowling with some consistency,	Fielding: develop over	Fielding: use a wider
	Throwing: explore technique	tracking a ball and	to a target and fielding	abiding by the rules of	and underarm bowling	range of fielding skills
	when throwing over and	decision making with the	skills to include a two-	the game.	technique. Develop long	with increasing control
	underarm.	ball.	handed pick up.		and short barrier and	under pressure.
				Throwing: use overarm	two handed pick up.	
	Catching: develop co-ordination	Throwing: develop co-	Throwing: use overarm	and underarm throwing		Throwing: consistently
	and technique when catching.	ordination and technique	and underarm throwing in	with increased	Throwing: demonstrate	demonstrate good
		when throwing over and underarm.	game situations.	consistency in game situations.	good technique when using a variety of	technique in throwing
		unuerarm.	Catching: catch with	STRUCTIONS.	throws under pressure.	skills under pressure.
			some consistency in game	Catching: begin to catch	This ows under pressure.	Catching: consistently
			situations.	with one and two hands		demonstrate good



		Catching: catch with two hands with some co- ordination and technique.		with some consistency in game situations.	Catching: explore catching skills (close/deep and wicket keeping) and apply these with some consistency in game situations.	technique in catching skills under pressure.
Target Games (Dodgeball/Bowling)	Throwing overarm: explore technique when throwing overarm towards a target. Throwing underarm: explore technique when throwing underarm towards a target.	Throwing overarm: develop co-ordination and technique when throwing overarm towards a target. Throwing underarm: develop co-ordination and technique when throwing underarm towards a target. Striking: develop striking a ball with equipment with some consistency.	Throwing: explore throwing at a moving target. Catching (dodgeball): begin to catch whilst on the move. Striking: begin to strike a ball with accuracy and balance.	Throwing: throw with increasing accuracy at a target. Catching (dodgeball): catch with increasing consistency. Striking: strike a ball with increasing consistency.	Throwing: demonstrate clear technique and accuracy when throwing at a target. Catching (dodgeball): demonstrate good technique and consistency in catching skills. Striking: develop a wider range of striking techniques and begin to use them under pressure.	Throwing: throw with increasing control under pressure. Catching (dodgeball): catch with increasing control under pressure. Striking: use a variety of striking techniques with control and under pressure.
Fitness	Agility: change direction whilst running. Balance: explore balancing in more challenging activities with some success. Co-ordination: explore co-ordination when using equipment. Speed: explore running at different speeds.	Agility: demonstrate improved technique when changing direction on the move. Balance: demonstrate increased balance whilst travelling along and over equipment. Co-ordination: perform actions with increased	Agility: show balance when changing direction. Balance: explore more complex activities which challenge balance. Co-ordination: co-ordinate my body with increased consistency in a variety of activities.	Agility: show balance when changing direction at speed. Balance: show control whilst completing activities which challenge balance. Co-ordination: explore increased speed when co-ordinating my body.	Agility: demonstrate improved body posture and speed when changing direction. Balance: change my body position to maintain a controlled centre of gravity. Co-ordination: demonstrate increased	Agility: change direction with a fluent action and transition smoothly between varying speeds. Balance: show fluency and control when travelling, landing, stopping and changing direction.



Strength: explore exercises using my own body weight. Stamina: explore moving for longer periods of time and identify how it makes me feel.	control when co- ordinating my body with and without equipment. Speed: demonstrate running at different speeds. Strength: demonstrate increased control in body weight exercises. Stamina: show an ability to work for longer periods of time.	Speed: explore sprinting technique. Strength: explore building strength in different muscle groups. Stamina: explore using my breath to increase my ability to work for longer periods of time.	Speed: demonstrate improved sprinting technique. Strength: develop building strength in different muscle groups. Stamina: demonstrate using my breath to maintain my work rate.	speed when co- ordinating my body. Speed: apply the best pace for a set distance or time. Strength: demonstrate increased technique in body weight exercises. Stamina: use a steady pace to be able to move for sustained periods of time.	Co-ordination: co- ordinate a range of body parts with a fluent action at a speed appropriate to the challenge. Speed: adapt running technique to meet the needs of the distance. Strength: complete body weight exercises for increased repetitions with control and fluency. Stamina: use my breath to increase my ability to move for sustained periods of time.
Shapes: explore basic shapes straight, tuck, straddle, pike. Balances: perform balances making my body tense, stretched and curled. Rolls: explore barrel, straight and forward roll progressions. Jumps: explore shape jumps including jumping off low apparatus.	Shapes: explore using shapes in different gymnastic balances. Balances: remember, repeat and link combinations of gymnastic balances. Rolls: explore barrel, straight and forward roll and put into sequence work.	Shapes: explore matching and contrasting shapes. Balances: explore point and patch balances and transition smoothly into and out of them. Rolls: develop the straight, barrel, and forward roll.	Shapes: develop the range of shapes I use in my sequences. Inverted movements: develop strength in bridge and shoulder stand. Balances: develop control and fluency in individual and partner balances.	Shapes: perform shapes consistently and fluently linked with other gymnastic actions. Inverted movements: explore progressions of a cartwheel. Balances: explore symmetrical and asymmetrical balances. Rolls: develop control in the straight, barrel,	Shapes: combine and perform gymnastic shapes more fluently and effectively. Inverted movements: develop control in progressions of a cartwheel bridge and shoulder stand. Balances: explore counter balance and counter tension.



		Jumps: explore shape jumps and take off combinations.	Jumps: develop stepping into shape jumps with control.	Rolls: develop the straight, barrel, forward and straddle roll and perform them with increased control. Jumps: develop control in performing and landing rotation jumps.	forward, straddle and backward roll. Jumps: select a range of jumps to include in sequence work.	Rolls: develop fluency and consistency in the straddle, forward and backward roll. Jumps: combine and perform a range of gymnastic jumps more fluently and effectively.
Yoga	Balance: perform balances and poses making my body tense, stretched and curled. Flexibility: explore poses and movements that challenge my flexibility. Strength: explore strength whilst transitioning from one pose to another. Strategy: recognise my own feelings in response to a task or activity.	Balance: remember, copy, and repeat sequences of linked poses. Flexibility: show increased awareness of extension in poses. Strength: demonstrate increased control in performing poses. Strategy: explore controlling my focus and sense of calm.	Balance: demonstrate increased control when in poses. Flexibility: explore poses and movement in relation to my breath. Strength: explore arm balances with some control. Strategy: develop my ability to stay still and keep my focus.	Balance: explore using my breath to maintain balance within a pose. Flexibility: demonstrate increased extension in poses. Strength: demonstrate increased control and strength when in a pose. Strategy: engage with mindfulness activities with increased focus.	Balance: use my breath to maintain balance within an individual and partner pose. Flexibility: develop flexibility by connecting movement with breath. Strength: demonstrate increased control and strength when in and transitioning between poses. Strategy: explore methods I can use to control how I feel.	Balance: link combinations of poses for balance with increased control in transition. Flexibility: confidently transition from one pose to another showing extension connected to breath. Strength: explore poses that challenge my strength and work to maintain increased control and strength when in and transitioning between poses. Strategy: explore methods to control how I feel with some success.



Cross Country	Endurance: explore moving for longer periods of time and identify how it makes me feel.	Endurance: show an ability to work for longer periods of time	Endurance: explore using my breath to increase my ability to work for longer periods of time.	Endurance: demonstrate using my breath to maintain my work rate.	Endurance: use a steady pace to be able to move for sustained periods of time.	Endurance: use my breath to increase my ability to move for sustained periods of time.
OAA	Problem solving: suggest ideas in response to a task. Navigational skills: follow a path and lead others. Communication: communicate simple instructions and listen to others.	Problem solving: begin to plan and apply strategies to overcome a challenge. Navigational skills: follow and create a simple diagram/map. Communication: work cooperatively with a partner and a small group	Problem solving: discuss how to follow trails and solve problems. Work with others to select appropriate equipment for the task. Navigational skills: identify where I am on a simple map. Use and begin to create simple maps and diagrams and follow a trail. Communication: follow and give instructions and accept other peoples' ideas.	Problem solving: plan independently and in small groups, implementing a strategy with increased success. Navigational skills: identify key symbols on a map and follow a route. Communication: confidently communicate ideas and listen to others.	Problem solving: explore tactical planning within a team to overcome increasingly challenging tasks. Navigational skills: develop navigational skills and map reading in increasingly challenging tasks. Communication: explore a variety of communication methods with increasing success.	Problem solving: pool ideas within a group, selecting and applying the best method to solve a problem. Navigational skills: orientate a map efficiently to navigate around a course with multiple points. Communication: inclusively communicate with others, share job roles and lead when necessary.
Dance	Actions: copy, remember and repeat actions to represent a theme. Create my own actions in relation to a theme. Dynamics: explore varying speeds to represent an idea. Space: explore pathways within my performance.	Actions: accurately remember, repeat and link actions to express an idea. Dynamics: develop an understanding of dynamics. Space: develop the use of pathways and	Actions: create actions in response to a stimulus individually and in groups. Dynamics: use dynamics effectively to express an idea. Space: use direction to transition between formations.	Actions: respond imaginatively to a range of stimuli related to character and narrative. Dynamics: change dynamics confidently within a performance to express changes in character.	Actions: choreograph dances by using, adapting and developing actions and steps from different dance styles. Dynamics: confidently use dynamics to express different dance styles.	Actions: show controlled movements which express emotion and feeling. Dynamics: explore, improvise and combine dynamics to express ideas fluently and effectively on my



	Relationships: begin to explore actions and pathways with a partner. Performance: perform on my own and with others to an audience.	travelling actions to include levels. Relationships: explore working with a partner using unison, matching and mirroring. Performance: develop the use of facial expressions in my performance.	Relationships: develop an understanding of formations. Performance: perform short, self-choreographed phrases showing an awareness of timing.	Space: confidently use changes in level, direction and pathway. Relationships: use action and reaction to represent an idea. Performance: perform complex dances that communicate narrative and character well, performing clearly and fluently.	Space: confidently use direction and patterning to express different dance styles. Relationships: confidently use formations, canon and unison to express a dance idea. Performance: perform dances expressively, using a range of performance skills, showing accuracy and fluency.	own, with a partner or in a small group. Space and relationships: use a variety of compositional principles when creating my own dances. Performance: demonstrate a clear understanding of timing in relation to the music and other dancers throughout my performance.
Athletics	Running: explore running at different speeds. Jumping: develop balance whilst jumping and landing. Explore hopping, jumping and leaping for distance. Throwing: explore throwing for distance and accuracy	Running: develop the sprinting action. Jumping: develop jumping, hopping and skipping actions. Explore safely jumping for distance and height. Throwing: develop overarm throwing for distance.	Running: develop the sprinting technique and apply it to relay events. Jumping: develop technique when jumping for distance in a range of approaches and take off positions. Throwing: explore the technique for a pull throw.	Running: develop an understanding of speed and pace in relation to distance. Develop power and speed in the sprinting technique. Jumping: develop technique when jumping for distance. Throwing: explore power and technique when throwing for distance in a pull and heave throw.	Running: apply fluency and co-ordination when running for speed in relay changeovers. Effectively apply speeds appropriate for the event. Jumping: explore technique and rhythm in the triple jump. Throwing: develop technique and power in javelin and shot put.	Running: demonstrate a clear understanding of pace and use it to develop their own and others sprinting technique. Jumping: develop power, control and technique in the triple jump. Throwing: develop power, control and technique when throwing discus and shot put.



Swimming	Strokes: can swim over a 10m	Strokes: begin to use	Strokes: explore	Strokes: develop	Strokes: demonstrate	Strokes: identify my
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	distance with a buoyancy aid.	arms and legs together,	technique for specific	technique for specific	increased technique in a	personal best in a
		more effectively across	strokes to include head	strokes to include head	range of stokes,	range of strokes.
	Breathing: can submerge	the water unaided.	above water	above water	swimming over a	Successfully select
	confidently in the water.		breaststroke,	breaststroke,	distance of 25m.	and apply my fastest
		Breathing: begin to	backstroke and front	backstroke and front		stroke over a distance
	Water safety: become aware of	explore breathing in	crawl.	crawl.	Breathing: explore	of 25m.
	water safety and explore	sync with my kicking			underwater	
	floating on my front and	action.	Breathing: begin to	Breathing: demonstrate	breaststroke breathing	Breathing:
	back.		explore front crawl	improved breathing	technique over a	demonstrate a smooth
		Water safety:	breathing technique.	technique in front crawl.	distance of 25m.	and consistent
		demonstrate awareness				breathing technique in
		of water safety and	Water safety: explore	Water safety: are	Water safety: explore	a range of strokes
		float on my front and	techniques for personal	comfortable with some	safety techniques to	over a distance of
		on my back.	survival to include	personal survival	include the H.E.L.P and	25m.
			survival strokes	techniques to include	huddle positions.	
			such as sculling and	survival strokes such as		Water safety: perform
			treading water.	sculling and treading		a variety of survival
				water.		techniques.

The disciplinary skills will be visited throughout the topics studied within each year.

Substantive Knowledge

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Invasion Games	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:
Rugby/Football/Netball/Hockey/Handball/Basketball)	know to look at my	know to control the ball	know that pointing my	know that cushioning	know that not having	understand and
rage // recream / recream / recream / ramabam / backersam /	partner before	before sending it.	hand/foot/stick to	a ball will help me to	a defender between	make quick
	sending the ball.		my target on release	control it when	myself and a ball	decisions about
		Dribbling: know that	will help me to send a	receiving it.	carrier enables me	when, how and who
		keeping my head up will	ball	_	to s&r with	to pass to.
			accurately.		better control.	



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Dribbling: know that	help me to know where		Dribbling: know that		Dribbling: choose
moving with a ball is	defenders are.	Dribbling: know that	protecting the ball as	Dribbling: know that	the appropriate skill
called dribbling.		dribbling is an	I dribble will help me	dribbling in	for the situation
	Space: know that	attacking skill which	to maintain	different directions	under pressure e.g.
Space: understand	moving into space away	helps us to move	possession.	will help to lose a	a V dribble in
that being in a good	from defenders helps	towards a goal or		defender.	basketball to keep
space helps us to pass	me to pass and receive	away from defenders.	Space: know that		the ball away from a
the ball.	a ball.		moving into space will	Space: know that by	defender.
		Space: know that by	help my team keep	moving to space even	
Attacking: know that	Attacking: know that	spreading out as a	possession and score	if not receiving the	Space: understand
being able to move	when my team is in	team we move the	goals.	ball will create space	that transitioning
away from a partner	possession of the ball,	defenders away from		for a teammate.	quickly between
helps my team to pass	I am an attacker and	each other.	Attacking: recognise		attack and defence
me the ball.	we can score.	Attacking and	when to pass and	Tactics: understand	will help my team to
		defending: know my	when to shoot.	the need for tactics	maintain or gain
Defending: know that	Defending: know that	role as an attacker		and identify when to	possession.
staying with a partner	when my team is not in	and defender.	Defending: know	use them in	
makes it more	possession of the ball,		when to mark and	different situations.	Tactics: know how
difficult for them to	I am a defender and we	Tactics: know that	when to attempt to		to create and apply
receive the ball.	need to try to get the	using simple tactics	win the ball.	Rules: understand	a tactic for a
	ball. Know that standing	will help my team to		and apply rules in a	specific situation or
Tactics: know that	between the ball and	achieve an outcome	Tactics: know that	variety of invasion	outcome.
tactics can help us	the attacker will help	e.g. we will each mark	applying attacking	games whilst playing	
when playing games.	me to stop them from	a player to	tactics will help to	and officiating.	Rules: understand,
1 , 33	getting the ball.	help us to gain	maintain possession		apply and use rules
Rules: know that rules	Tactics: understand	possession.	and score goals. Know		consistently in a
help us to play fairly.	and apply simple tactics	<u> </u>	that		variety of invasion
	for attack and defence.	Rules: know the rules	applying defending		games whilst playing
		of the game and begin	tactics will help to		and officiating.
	Rules: know how to	to apply them.	deny space, gain		
	score points and follow	11.7	possession and stop		
	simple rules.		goals.		
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			Rules: know and		
			understand the rules		
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				to be able to manage our own game.		
Net/Wall Games (Tennis/Badminton/Table Tennis)	Hitting: know to use the centre of the racket for control. Feeding: know to use an underarm throw to feed to a partner. Rallying: know that throwing/hitting to my partner with not too much power will help them to return the ball. Footwork: know that using a ready position will help me to move in any direction. Tactics: know that tactics can help us to be successful when playing games.	Hitting: know to watch the ball as it comes towards me to help me to prepare to hit it. Feeding: know to place enough power on a ball to let it bounce once but not too much so that my partner can't return it. Rallying: know that sending the ball towards my partner will help me to keep a rally going. Footwork: know that using a ready position helps me to react quickly and return/catch a ball. Tactics: understand	Shots: know that pointing the racket face/my hand where I want the ball to go and turning my body will help me to hit accurately. Rallying: know that hitting towards my partner will help them to return the ball easier and keep the rally going. Footwork: know that moving to the middle of my court will enable me to cover the most space. Tactics: know that using simple tactics will help to achieve an outcome e.g. if we	Shots: understand when to play a forehand and a backhand and why. Rallying: know that moving my feet to the ball will help me to hit in a more balanced position therefore increasing the accuracy of my shot. Footwork: know that getting my feet in the right position will help me to balance before playing a shot. Tactics: know that applying attacking tactics will help me to score points and	Shots: know which skill to choose for the situation e.g. a volley if the ball is close to the net. Serving: know that serving is how to start a game or rally and use the rules applied to the activity for serving. Rallying: know that playing the appropriate shot will help to keep the rally going. Know that control is more important than power to keep a rally going. Footwork: know that using small, quick	Shots: understand the appropriate skill for the situation under pressure e.g.choosing to play the ball short over the net if I have just moved my opponent to the back of the court. Serving: begin to apply tactics when serving e.g. aiming to serve short on the first point and then long on the second point. Rallying: understand how to play different shots depending on if a rally is co-operative or competitive.
	Rules: know that rules help us to play fairly.	that applying simple tactics makes it difficult for my opponent.	spread out, we can cover more space.	create space. Know that applying defending tactics will help me to deny	steps will allow me to adjust my stance to play a shot.	Footwork: know that using the appropriate



		Rules: know how to score points and follow simple rules.	Rules: know the rules of the game and begin to apply them.	space, return a ball and limit points. Rules: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own game.	Tactics: understand the need for tactics and identify when to use them in different situations. Rules: understand and apply rules in a variety of net and wall games whilst playing and officiating.	footwork will help me to react to a ball quickly and give me time to prepare to play a shot. Tactics: understand when to apply some tactics for attacking and/or defending. Rules: understand, apply and use rules consistently in a variety of net and wall games whilst playing and officiating.
Striking & Fielding Games (Cricket/Rounders/Danish Longball)	Striking: understand that the harder I strike, the further the ball will travel. Fielding: know that throwing the ball back is quicker than running with it. Throwing: know which type of throw to use to throw over longer distances. Catching: know to watch the ball as it comes towards me.	Striking: understand the role of a batter. Know that striking quickly will increase the power. Fielding: understand that there are different roles within a fielding team. Know to move towards the ball to collect it to limit a batter's points. Throwing: know that stepping with opposite	Striking: know that striking to space away from fielders will help me to score. Fielding: know to look at where a batter is before deciding what to do. Know to communicate with teammates before throwing them a ball. Throwing: know that overarm throwing is used for long distances and	Striking: know that using the centre of the bat will provide the most control and accuracy. Fielding: know that it easier to field a ball that is coming towards me rather than away so set up accordingly. Throwing: understand that being balanced before throwing will	Striking: understand that stance is important to allow me to be balanced as I hit. Fielding: know that backing up a fielder as a ball is being thrown will help to increase the chances of fielding successfully. Throwing: understand where to throw the ball in	Striking: understand that the momentum and power for striking a ball comes from legs as well as arms. Fielding: know which fielding action to apply for the situation. Throwing and catching: consistently make good decisions on who to throw to and



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		foot to throwing arm	underarm throwing	help to improve the	relation to where a	when to throw in
	Tactics: know that	will help me to balance.	for shorter distances.	accuracy of the	batter is.	order to get
	tactics can help us			throw.		batters out. Know
	when playing games.	Catching: know to use	Catching: know to		Catching: understand	that accuracy,
		wide fingers and pull	move my feet to the	Catching: know to	when to use a close	speed and
	Rules: know that rules	the ball in to my chest	ball.	track the ball as it is	catch technique or	consistency of
	help us to play fairly.	to help me to securely	Tactics: know that	thrown to help to	deep catch	throwing and
		catch.	using simple tactics	improve the	technique.	catching will help to
			will help my team to	consistency of	Tactics: understand	limit a batter's
		Tactics: understand	achieve an outcome	catching.	the need for tactics	score.
		and apply simple tactics	e.g. we will spread out	Tactics: know that	and identify when to	Tactics: understand
		for attack (batting)	to deny space.	applying attacking	use them in	and apply some
		and defence (fielding).	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	tactics will help to	different situations.	tactics in the game
		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Rules: know the rules	score points and		as a batter, bowler
		Rules: know how to	of the game and begin	avoid getting out.	Rules: understand	and fielder.
		score points and follow	to apply them.	Know that	and apply rules in a	
		simple rules.		applying defending	variety of striking	Rules: understand.
		Simple Fales.		tactics will help to	and fielding games	apply and use rules
				deny space, get	whilst playing and	consistently in a
				opponents out and	officiating.	variety of striking
				limit points.	officiaring.	and fielding games
				milit points.		whilst playing and
				Rules: know and		officiating.
				understand the rules		of ficialing.
				to be able to manage		
				_		
	The section of the second state	The territor of a	TI	our own game.	The section of	TI
Target Games (Dodgeball/Bowling/Curling/Boccia)	Throwing: know which	Throwing: know that	Throwing: know to	Throwing: know that	Throwing: know to	Throwing: know who
	type of throw to use	stepping with opposite	throw slightly ahead	one handed throws	aim low to make it	to throw at and
	for distance and	foot to throwing arm	of a moving target.	are used for speed	difficult for an	when to throw in
	accuracy. Know that	will help you to balance.	a	and accuracy. Know	opponent to catch.	order to get
	my body position will	Know that moving my	Catching (dodgeball):	that keeping		opponents out.
	affect the accuracy	arm quicker will give me	know that beginning in	my elbow high and	Catching (dodgeball):	
	of my throw.	more power.	a ready position will	stepping with my	know to stay towards	Catching
			help me to react to	opposite foot will	the back of the	(dodgeball): know
		Striking: know to finish	the ball.	help to increase the	court area to give me	that I need to make
		with my		power.	more time to	quick decisions on if



	Tactics: know that tactics can help us when playing games. Rules: know that rules help us to play fairly.	object/hand/foot pointing at my target. Tactics: understand and apply simple tactics. Rules: know how to score points and follow simple rules.	Striking: know that using a bigger swing will give me more power. Tactics: know that using simple tactics will help my team to achieve an outcome e.g. spread out so that we are harder to aim for. Rules: know the rules of the game and begin to apply them.	Catching (dodgeball): know that moving my feet to a ball and pulling it in to my chest will help me to catch more consistently. Striking: know that using a smooth action will help to increase accuracy. Tactics: know that applying attacking tactics will help me to score points and get opponents out. Know that applying defending tactics will help me to stay in the game. Rules: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own game.	catch. Striking: know that aligning my body and equipment before striking will help me to be balanced. Tactics: understand the need for tactics and identify when to use them in different situations. Rules: understand and apply rules in a variety of target games whilst playing and officiating.	to catch or if to dodge the ball. Striking: know which skill to select for the situation. Tactics: know how to create and apply a tactic for a specific situation or outcome. Rules: understand, apply and use rules consistently in a variety of target games whilst playing and officiating.
Fitness	Agility: understand that bending my knees will help me to change direction. Balance: know that looking ahead will help me to balance.	Agility: know using small quick steps helps me to change direction. Balance: understand that I can squeeze my muscles to help me to balance.	Agility: understand how agility helps us with everyday tasks. Balance: understand how balance helps us with everyday tasks.	Agility: know that keeping my elbows bent when changing direction will help me to stay balanced. Balance: understand that I need to	Agility: understand that to change direction I push off my outside foot and turn my hips. Balance: understand that dynamic	Agility: understand that agility requires speed, strength, good balance and co-ordination. Balance: know where and when to apply



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		Co-ordination:	squeeze different	balances are harder	force to maintain
Co-ordination: know	Co-ordination:	understand how co-	muscles to help me to	than static balances	control and balance.
that using the	understand that some	ordination helps us	stay balanced in	as my centre of	
opposite arm to leg at	skills require me to	with everyday tasks.	different activities.	gravity changes.	Co-ordination:
the same time helps	move body parts at				understand that co-
me to perform skills	different times such	Speed: understand	Co-ordination:	Co-ordination:	ordination also
such as running and	as skipping.	that leaning slightly	understand that if I	understand that	requires good
throwing.		forwards helps to	begin in a ready	people will have	balance and know
-	Speed: know that I	increase speed.	position I can react	varying levels of co-	how to achieve this.
Speed: understand	take shorter steps to	Leaning my body in	guicker.	ordination and that I	
that if I swing my	jog and bigger steps to	the opposite direction	'	can get better with	Speed: know that
arms it will help me to	run.	to travel helps to slow	Speed: understand	practice.	speed can be
run faster.		down.	that a high knee		improved by training
,	Strength: know that		drive, pumping my	Speed: understand	and know which
Strength: understand	strength helps us with	Strength: know that	arms and running on	that taking big	speed to select for
that exercise helps	everyday tasks such as	when completing	the balls of my feet	consistent strides	the distance.
me to become	carrying our school bag.	strength activities	gives me	will help to create a	Strength:
stronger.	carrying our school bag.	they need to be	power.	rhythm that allows	understand that I
311 onger.	Stamina: know that I	performed slowly and	power.	me to run faster.	can build up my
Stamina: understand	need to run slower if	with control	Strength:	Strength: know the	strength by
that when I move for	running for a long	to help me to stay	understand that	muscles I am using	practicing in my own
	period of time.				, , ,
a long time it can	period of time.	safe.	strength comes from different muscles	by name.	time.
make me feel hot and		Charles and Landard		Charles and a second	Charles III
I breathe faster.		Stamina: understand	and know how I can	Stamina: understand	Stamina: know which
		how stamina helps us	improve my strength.	that keeping a	exercises can
		in other life		steady breath will	develop stamina and
		activities.	Stamina: understand	help me to move for	understand that it
			that I need to pace	longer periods of	can be improved by
			myself when running	time.	training over
			further or for a long		time.
			period of time.		



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Gymnastics	Shapes: understand	Shapes: know that	Shapes: understand	Shapes: understand	Shapes: understand	Shapes: know which
	that I can improve my	some shapes link well	how to use body	how shapes can be	that shapes underpin	shapes to use for
	shapes by extending	together.	tension to make my	used to improve my	all other skills.	each skill.
	parts of my body.		shapes look better.	sequence.		
		Balances: understand			Inverted	Inverted
	Balances: know that	that squeezing my	Balances: understand	Inverted movements:	movements:	movements:
	balances should be	muscles helps me to	that I can make my	know that inverted	understand that	understand that
	held for 5 seconds.	balance.	balances look	movements are	sometimes I need to	spreading my weight
			interesting by using	actions in which my	move slowly to gain	across a base of
	Rolls: know that I can	Rolls: understand that	different levels.	hips go above my	control and other	support will help me
	use different shapes	there are different		head.	times I need to move	to balance.
	to roll.	teaching points for	Rolls: understand the		quickly to build	
		different rolls.	safety considerations	Balances: know how	momentum.	Balances: know
	Jumps: know that		when performing	to keep myself and		where and when to
	landing on the balls of	Jumps: understand	more difficult rolls.	others safe when	Balances: understand	apply force to
	my feet helps me to	that looking forward		performing partner	how to use	maintain control and
	land with control.	will help me to land	Jumps: understand	balances.	contrasting balances	balance.
		with control.	that I can change the		to make my	
	Strategy: know that		take off and shape of	Rolls: understand	sequences look	Rolls: understand
	if I use a starting and	Strategy: know that if	my jumps to make	that I can keep the	interesting.	that I can use
	finishing position,	I use shapes that link	them look interesting.	shape of my roll		momentum to help
	people will know when	well together it will		using body tension.	Rolls: understand	me to roll and where
	my sequence has	help my sequence to	Strategy: know that	'	that I need to work	that momentum
	begun and when it has	flow.	if I use different	Jumps: know that I	within my own	comes from.
	ended.		levels it will help to	can control my	capabilities and this	
	1		make my sequence	landing by landing	may be different to	Jumps: understand
			look interesting.	toes first, looking	others.	that taking off
				forwards and bending		from two feet will
				my knees.	Jumps: understand	give me more height
				,	that I can use jumps	and therefore more
				Strategy: know that	to link actions and	time in the air.
				if I use different	changing the shape	
				directions it will help	of these will make	Strategy: know that
				to make my sequence	my sequence look	if I use changes in
				look interesting.	interesting.	formation it will
				TOOK IIITEI ESTING.	mileresting.	help to make my
				ļ		help to make my



					Strategy: know that if I use different pathways it will help to make my sequence look interesting.	sequence look interesting.
7 ogu	Balance: know that if I focus on something still it will help me to balance. Flexibility: know that yoga helps to improve flexibility which we need in everyday tasks. Strength: know that I can use my strength to move slowly and with control. Strategy: understand that yoga can make me feel happy.	Balance: understand that I can squeeze my muscles to help me to balance. Flexibility: know that flexibility helps us to stretch our muscles and increase the movement in our joints. Strength: know that strength helps us with everyday tasks such as carrying our school bag. Strategy: understand that I can use yoga to make me feel calm.	Balance: understand that if I use the whole of the body part in contact with the floor, it will help me to balance. Flexibility: know that if I move as I breathe out I can stretch a little bit further. Strength: understand that I need to use different muscles for different poses. Strategy: know that I can use my breath to focus.	Balance: understand that if I move with my breath it will help me to balance. Flexibility: understand which body parts I am trying to extend in different poses. Strength: understand that people have different levels of strength. Strategy: understand that mindfulness is a personal journey.	Balance: understand that I need to apply force to maintain balance in a partner pose. Flexibility: understand that I can improve my flexibility when moving with my breath. Strength: know the muscles I am using by name. Strategy: understand that there are different techniques I can use to control how I feel.	Balance: know where and when to apply force to maintain control and balance. Flexibility: know which of my muscles require more practice to increase my flexibility. Strength: understand that I can build up my strength by practicing in my own time. Strategy: identify times in my everyday life when mindfulness activities would be helpful for my wellbeing.



Cross Country	Endurance: understand that when I move for a long time it can make me feel hot and I breathe faster.	Endurance: know that I need to run slower if running for a long period of time.	Endurance: understand how endurance helps us in other life activities	Endurance: understand that I need to pace myself when running further or for a long period of time.	Endurance: understand that keeping a steady breath will help me to move for longer periods of time.	Endurance: know which exercises can develop stamina and understand that it can be improved by training over time.
OAA	Problem solving: know that working collaboratively with others will help to solve challenges. Navigational skills: know that deciding which way to go before starting will help me. Communication: know that using short instructions will help my partner e.g. start/stop. Reflection: identify when I am successful and make basic observations about how to improve. Rules: know that rules help us to play fairly.	Problem solving: know that listening to each other's ideas might give us an idea we hadn't thought of. Navigational skills: understand that the map tells us what to do. Communication: know to use encouraging words when speaking to a partner or group to help them to trust me. Reflection: verbalise when I am successful and areas that I could improve. Rules: know how to follow and apply simple rules.	Problem solving: know that trying ideas before deciding on a solution will help us to come up with the best idea. Navigational skills: know to hold the map so that the items on the map match up to the items that have been placed out. Communication: know to take turns when giving ideas and not to interrupt each other. Reflection: reflect on when and why I am successful at solving challenges. Rules: know that using the rules honestly will help to keep myself and others safe.	Problem solving: know that discussing the advantages and disadvantages of ideas will help to guide us to a conclusion about which idea to use. Navigational skills: understand how to use a key and use the cardinal points on a map to orientate it. Communication: understand that there are different types of communication and that I can communicate without talking. Reflection: with increased accuracy, critically reflect on when and why I am successful at solving challenges.	Problem solving: recognise that there may be more than one way to solve a challenge and that trial and error may help to guide me to the best solution. Navigational skills: use a key to identify objects and locations. Communication: know to be descriptive but concise when giving instructions e.g. 'two steps to the left'. Reflection: reflect on when I am successful at solving challenges and alter my methods in order to improve.	Problem solving: understand that being able to solve problems is an important life skill. Navigational skills: understand why having good navigational skills are important. Communication: know that good communication skills are key to solving problems and working effectively as a team. Reflection: with increasing accuracy, reflect on when and how I am successful at solving challenges and alter my methods in order to improve.



				Rules: understand the importance of working with integrity.	Rules: know that abiding by rules will enable my classmates to complete the course e.g. not moving controls.	Rules: understand the rules and think creatively to solve the challenge whilst abiding by the rules.
Dance	Actions: understand that actions can be sequenced to create a dance. Dynamics: understand that I can create fast and slow actions to show an idea. Space: understand that there are different directions and pathways within space. Relationships: understand that when dancing with a partner it is important to be aware of each other and keep in time. Performance: know that standing still at the start and at the end of the dance lets	Actions: know that sequencing actions in a particular order will help me to tell the story of my dance. Dynamics: understand that I can change the way I perform actions to show an idea. Space: know that I can use different directions, pathways and levels in my dance. Relationships: know that using counts of 8 will help me to stay in time with my partner and the music. Performance: know that using facial expressions helps to show the mood of my dance.	Actions: understand that sharing ideas with others enables my group to work collaboratively and try ideas before deciding on the best actions for our dance. Dynamics: understand that all actions can be performed differently to help to show effect. Space: understand that I can use space to help my dance to flow. Relationships: understand that 'formation' means the same in dance as in other activities such as football, rugby and gymnastics.	Actions: understand that some actions are better suited to a certain character, mood or idea than others. Dynamics: understand that some dynamics are better suited to a certain character, mood or idea than others. Space: understand that space can be used to express a certain character, mood or idea. Relationships: understand that some relationships are better suited to a certain character, mood or idea than others.	Actions: understand that different dance styles utilise selected actions to develop sequences in a specific style. Dynamics: understand that different dance styles utilise selected dynamics to express mood. Space: understand that space relates to where my body moves both on the floor and in the air. Relationships: understand that different dance styles utilise selected relationships to express mood.	Actions: understand that actions can be improved with consideration to extension, shape and recognition of intent. Dynamics: understand that selecting a variety of dynamics in my performance can help to take the audience on a journey through my dance idea. Space and relationships: know that combining space and relationships with a prop can help me to express my dance idea.



	the audience know	Strategy: know that if	Performance:	Performance: know	Performance:	Performance:
	when I	I practice my dance my	understand that I can	that being aware of	understand what	understand how a
	have started and	performance will	use timing techniques	other performers in	makes a performance	leader can ensure
	when I have finished.	improve.	such as canon and	my group will help us	effective and know	our dance group
	Whom 2 have philohod.	mprove.	unison to create	to move in time.	how to apply these	performs together.
	Strategy: know that		effect.	10 111010 111 111110.	principles to my own	por forms regerner.
	if I use exaggerated		011001.	Strategy: know that	and others' work.	Strategy: know that
	actions it helps the		Strategy: know that	I can select from a	and official work.	if I keep in
	audience to see them		if I show sensitivity	range of dance	Strategy: know that	character
	clearly.		to the music, my	techniques to	if I use dance	throughout, it will
	S.G / .		performance will look	translate my idea.	principles it will help	help me to express
			more complete.	manoraro my raoa.	me to express an	an atmosphere or
			inor o compress.		atmosphere or mood.	mood that can be
						interpreted by the
						audience.
Athletics	Running: understand	Running: know that	Running: understand	Running: understand	Running: understand	Running: understand
	that if I swing my	running on the balls of	that leaning slightly	that I need to pace	that taking big	that I need to
	arms it will help me to	my feet, taking big	forwards helps to	myself when running	consistent strides	prepare my body for
	run faster.	steps and having elbows	increase speed.	further or for a long	will help to create a	running and know
		bent will help me to run	Leaning my body in	period of time.	rhythm that allows	the muscle groups I
	Jumping: know that	faster.	the	Understand that a	me to	will need to use.
	landing on the balls of		opposite direction to	high knee drive,	run faster.	
	my feet helps me to	Jumping: know that	travel helps to slow	pumping my arms and	Understand that	Jumping:
	land with control.	swinging my arms	down.	running on the balls	keeping a steady	understand that a
	Understand	forwards will help me		of my feet gives me	breath will help me	run up builds speed
	that if I bend my	to jump further.	Jumping: know that if	power.	when running longer	and power and
	knees it will help me		I jump and land in		distances.	enables me to jump
	to jump further.	Throwing: know that I	quick succession, the	Jumping: understand		further.
		can throw in a straight	momentum will help	that transferring	Jumping: know that	
	Throwing: know that	line by pointing my	me to jump further.	weight will help me to	if I drive my knees	Throwing:
	stepping forward with	throwing hand at my	Throwing: understand	jump further.	high and fast I can	understand that I
	my opposite foot to	target as I let	that the speed of the		build power and	need to prepare my
	hand will help me to	go of the object.	movement helps to	Throwing:	therefore distance	body for throwing
	throw		create power.	understand that	in my jumps.	and know the muscle
	further.	Rules: know how to		transferring weight		groups I will need to
		follow simple rules				use.



Cuinmina	Rules: know that rules help us to play fairly.	when working with others.	Rules: know the rules of the event and begin to apply them.	will help me to throw further. Rules: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own events.	Throwing: know how to transfer my weight in different throws to increase the distance. Rules: understand and apply rules in a variety of events using official equipment. Strokes: understand	Rules: understand and apply rules in events that pose an increased risk.
Swimming	that using cupped hands will help me to swim as the water cannot escape between my fingers. Breathing: know that I need to take a big breath before submerging. Water safety: understand that floating can help me to stay safe. Rules: know that walking on poolside helps to keep me safe.	that moving my arms quickly will help me to pass through the water. Breathing: know that when I swim, I inhale through my mouth when my face is above water and exhale through my mouth or nose when my face is underwater. Water safety: understand that floating uses less energy than swimming. Rules: know how to safely enter and exit the pool.	lifting my hips will help me to stay afloat whilst swimming. Breathing: know that turning my head to the side to breathe will allow me to swim with good technique. Water safety: know that treading water enables me to keep upright and in the same space. Rules: know that the water should be clear of swimmers before entering.	that keeping my legs together for crawl helps me to stay straight in the water. Breathing: know that breathing out with a slow consistent breath enables me to swim for longer before needing another breath. Water safety: know what to do if I fall in the water. Rules: understand the water safety rules.	that pulling harder through the water will enable me to travel the distance in fewer strokes and travel faster. Breathing: know that breathing every three strokes helps to balance my stroke and allows me to practise breathing on both sides. Water safety: know that a group of people can huddle together to conserve body heat, support each other and provide a larger target for rescuers.	understand that making my body streamlined helps me to glide through the water. Breathing: understand that the more I practice my breathing in the water, the more my heart and lungs can work effectively and aid my muscles with the ability to utilise oxygen when swimming. Water safety: know which survival technique to use for the situation.



				Rules: understand rules in and around water.	Rules: understand that different environments have different rules to keep us safe around water.
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