

Curriculum Overview.

Intent

Physical Education at Blue Hills Federation develops the children's knowledge, skills and understanding, so that they can perform with increasing competence and confidence in a range of physical activities. These include games, dance, fitness, cross-country, swimming and water safety, athletics, outdoor adventure activities, team building and problem solving activities. Physical Education at BHF promotes a love for exercise and competition through an understanding of their bodies in action. It involves thinking, selecting and applying skills, and it promotes positive attitudes towards a healthy lifestyle. Moreover, we empower the children to make informed choices about physical activity throughout their lives.

Implementation

Physical Education is delivered throughout carefully planned lessons each week, with the three pillars of progression at the heart of the planning process. In KS1, pupils master basic fundamental movements; running, jumping, throwing and catching, participate in team games attacking / defending and perform dances, and begin to develop basic problem solving skills and team building activities. In KS2 pupils develop these movements further: Run, jump, throw and catch in isolation and in combination. The children play competitive games; attacking / defending; they develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance - athletics / fitness and perform dances. Through both KS1 and KS2, children go swimming and develop a key life skill. Throughout the year, they are given the opportunity to develop throughout a number of organised competitive sporting festivals. All children are given the opportunity to attend an afterschool sports club continuing to promote and support physical activity of all children that attend. Children in KS2 have the opportunity to attend two different residential and outdoor activity centres. Each year, a small group of Year 6 children are invited to become Sports Leaders for the school. They develop into sporting role models for the younger children, assisting with lunch-time clubs, our annual Sports day and any many other sporting activities.

Impact

Through high quality teaching, which is fun and engaging, children will gain a broad and in-depth breadth of physical competences alongside learning how to lead a healthy and active lifestyle. The children learn to take responsibility for their own health and fitness through a range of skills developed across the curriculum. Children will experience a wide range of sports and activities through PE lessons and will then be confident to compete against their peers and children from other schools. Children will gain the social skills to work as a team and also reflect on their own performance whilst using the correct vocabulary. Children will experience winning and losing and how to behave in each situation, which will develop their knowledge of their own emotions. These lessons and experiences are all aligned to meet and run alongside the school's key 'values', Trust and Truth, Perseverance and Resilience, Love and Respect, Family and Friendship, Joy and happiness, and Thankfulness.

EYFS

Autumn	Spring	Summer
EYFS Disciplinary Knowledge:	EYFS Disciplinary Knowledge	EYFS Disciplinary Knowledge
Introduction to PE Unit 1.	Gymnastics.	Ball Skills Unit 1 / Unit 2.
Explore negotiating spaces safely. Explore running, jumping, changing	Shapes: show contrast with my body including wide/narrow,	Explore rolling and stopping a rolling ball. Explore throwing, bouncing
direction, hopping, travelling and balancing. Explore gross motor skills.	straight/curved. Balances: explore shapes in stillness using different	and catching a ball. Explore dribbling with feet and hands. Explore
Following rules and taking turns.	parts of my body. Rolls: explore rocking and rolling. Jumps: explore jumping safely.	kicking a ball.
Fundamentals Unit 1		
Explore running and stopping. Explore changing direction safely.	Dance.	Games Unit 1 / Unit 2
Explore balancing whilst stationary and on the move. Begin to explore	Actions: explore how my body moves. Copy basic body actions and	Explore throwing at a target. Explore and experience tagging games.
jumping, take-off and landing safely. Explore hopping on both feet.	rhythms. Dynamics: explore actions in response to music and an idea.	Explore playing by the rules and keeping score. Explore striking a ball.
Explore skipping as a travelling action.	Space: begin to explore pathways and the space around me and in	To explore working as a team and your roll in a team. Explore playing
	relation to others. Performance: perform short phrases of movement	games against a partner.
	in front of others.	
EYFS Substantiative Knowledge	EYFS Substantiative Knowledge	EYFS Substantiative Knowledge
Introduction to PE Unit 1.	Gymnastics.	Ball Skills.
Know to look where the spaces are and to move safely around	Shapes: understand that I can make different shapes with my body.	Know that a ball rolls in the direction you point your hand. Know that
different spaces. Know to have to apply a brake stop and change	Balances: know that I should be still when holding a balance.	you must watch the ball as you track it and scoop with two hands to
direction if others are in the space. Know to be aware of their	Rolls: know that I can change my body shape to help me to roll.	collect the ball. Know that keeping the ball close will help with control.
surroundings. Know that the rules and taking turns are so that they	Jumps: know that bending my knees will help me to land safely.	Know how high to bounce the ball to dribble with your hands. Know to
are safe and that everyone gets an equal chance to learn.	Strategy: know that if I hold a shape and count to five people will see it clearly.	have the ball close to your feet to stay in control.
Fundamentals Unit 1.		Games Unit 1 / Unit 2
Know that I use big steps to run and small steps to stop. Know that	Dance	Know that overarm throw needed for long distance and underarm for a
moving into space away from others helps to keep me safe. Balancing:	Actions: understand that I can move my body in different ways to	shorter distance. Know to be aware of the space in tagging games and
know that I can hold my arms out to help me to balance. Jumping: know	create interesting actions. Dynamics: understand that I can change my	to change direction regularly. Know that rules and keeping score is for
that bending my knees will help me to land safely. Hopping: understand	action to show an idea. Space: know that if I move into space it will	the games to be played safely and fairly. Know that there are winners
that I use one foot to hop. Skipping: know that if I hop then step that	help to keep me and others safe. Performance: know that when	and losers and also ties. Know to point my hand at my target when
will help me to skip.	watching others, I sit quietly and clap at the end.	striking a ball.



Disciplinary Knowledge.

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Invasion Games	Sending & receiving: explore s&r	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:	Sending & receiving:
	with hands and feet to a	developing s&r with	explore s&r abiding by	develop passing	develop control when	s&r consistently using
(Tag	partner.	increased control.	the rules of the game.	techniques appropriate	sår under pressure.	a range of techniques
Rugby/Football/Netball/Hoc				to the game with		with increasing control
key/Handball/Basketball)	Dribbling: explore dribbling with	Dribbling: explore	Dribbling: explore	increasing success.	Dribbling: dribble with	under
Key/Hanaban/ baskerban)	hands and feet.	dribbling with hands and	dribbling the ball abiding	Catch a ball using one	some control under	pressure.
	Space: recognise good space	feet with increasing	by the rules of the game	and two hands and	pressure.	
	when playing games.	control on the move.	under some pressure.	receive a ball with		Dribbling: dribble
				feet/object with	Space: explore moving	consistently using a
	Attacking: explore changing	Space: explore moving	Space: develop using	increasing success.	to create space for	range of techniques
	direction to move away from a	into space away from	space as a team.		themselves and others	with increasing control
	partner.	others.		Dribbling: link dribbling	in their team.	under pressure.
			Attacking: develop	the ball with other		
	Defending: explore tracking and	Attacking: developing	movement skills to lose a	actions and change	Attacking: use a variety	Space: move to the
	moving to stay with a partner.	moving into space away	defender. Explore	direction whilst	of techniques to lose an	correct space when
		from defenders.	shooting actions in a	dribbling with some	opponent e.g. change of	transitioning from
			range of invasion games.	control.	direction or speed.	attack to defence or
		Defending: explore				defence to attack and
		staying close to other	Defending: develop	Space: develop moving	Defending: develop	create and use space
		players to try and stop	tracking opponents to	into space to help my	tracking and marking	for self and others.
		them getting the ball.	limit their scoring	team.	with increased success.	
			opportunities.		Explore intercepting a	Attacking: confidently
				Attacking: change	ball using one and two	change direction to
				direction to lose an	hands.	lose an opponent
				opponent with some		
				SUCCESS.		Defending: use a
						variety of defending
				Defending: develop		skills (tracking,



				defending one on one and begin to intercept.		interception, jockeying) in game situations.
Net/Wall Games (Tennis /Table Tennis/Volleyball)	Hitting: explore hitting a dropped ball with a racket. Feeding: throw a ball over a net to land into the court area. Rallying: explore sending a ball with hands and a racket. Footwork: use the ready position to move towards a ball.	Hitting: develop hitting a dropped ball over a net. Feeding: accurately underarm throw over a net to a partner. Rallying: explore underarm rallying with a partner catching after one bounce. Footwork: consistently use the ready position to move towards a ball.	Shots: explore returning a ball using shots such as the forehand and backhand. Rallying: explore rallying using a forehand. Footwork: consistently use and return to the ready position in between shots.	Shots: demonstrate technique when using shots playing co- operatively and beginning to execute this competitively. Rallying: develop rallying using both forehand and backhand with increased technique. Footwork: begin to use appropriate footwork patterns to move around the court.	Shots: develop the range of shots used in a variety of games. Serving: develop the range of serving techniques appropriate to the game. Rallying: use a variety of shots to keep a continuous rally. Footwork: demonstrate effective footwork patterns to move around the court.	Shots: demonstrate increased success and technique in a variety of shots. Serving: serve accurately and consistently. Rallying: successfully apply a variety of shots to keep a continuous rally. Footwork: demonstrate a variety of footwork patterns relevant to the game I am playing.
Striking & Fielding Games (Cricket/Rounders/Danish Longball)	Striking: explore striking a ball with their hand and equipment. Fielding: develop tracking and retrieving a ball. Throwing: explore technique when throwing over and underarm. Catching: develop co-ordination and technique when catching.	Striking: develop striking a ball with their hand and equipment with some consistency. Fielding: develop tracking a ball and decision making with the ball. Throwing: develop co- ordination and technique when throwing over and underarm.	Striking: begin to strike a bowled ball after a bounce with different equipment. Fielding: explore bowling to a target and fielding skills to include a two- handed pick up. Throwing: use overarm and underarm throwing in game situations.	Striking: develop batting technique with a range of equipment. Fielding: develop bowling with some consistency, abiding by the rules of the game. Throwing: use overarm and underarm throwing with increased consistency in game situations.	Striking: explore defensive and driving hitting techniques and directional batting. Fielding: develop over and underarm bowling technique. Develop long and short barrier and two handed pick up. Throwing: demonstrate good technique when using a variety of	Striking: strike a bowled ball with increasing accuracy and consistency. Fielding: use a wider range of fielding skills with increasing control under pressure. Throwing: consistently demonstrate good technique in throwing skills under pressure.



		Catching: catch with two hands with some co- ordination and technique.	Catching: catch with some consistency in game situations.	Catching: begin to catch with one and two hands with some consistency in game situations.	throws under pressure. Catching: explore catching skills (close/deep and wicket keeping) and apply these with some consistency in game situations.	Catching: consistently demonstrate good technique in catching skills under pressure.
Target Games (Dodgeball/Bowling)	Throwing overarm: explore technique when throwing overarm towards a target. Throwing underarm: explore technique when throwing underarm towards a target.	Throwing overarm: develop co-ordination and technique when throwing overarm towards a target. Throwing underarm: develop co-ordination and technique when throwing underarm towards a target. Striking: develop striking a ball with equipment with some consistency.	Throwing: explore throwing at a moving target. Catching (dodgeball): begin to catch whilst on the move. Striking: begin to strike a ball with accuracy and balance.	Throwing: throw with increasing accuracy at a target. Catching (dodgeball): catch with increasing consistency. Striking: strike a ball with increasing consistency.	Throwing: demonstrate clear technique and accuracy when throwing at a target. Catching (dodgeball): demonstrate good technique and consistency in catching skills. Striking: develop a wider range of striking techniques and begin to use them under pressure.	Throwing: throw with increasing control under pressure. Catching (dodgeball): catch with increasing control under pressure. Striking: use a variety of striking techniques with control and under pressure.
Fitness	Agility: change direction whilst running. Balance: explore balancing in more challenging activities with some success. Co-ordination: explore co- ordination when using equipment.	Agility: demonstrate improved technique when changing direction on the move. Balance: demonstrate increased balance whilst travelling along and over equipment.	Agility: show balance when changing direction. Balance: explore more complex activities which challenge balance. Co-ordination: co- ordinate my body with increased consistency in	Agility: show balance when changing direction at speed. Balance: show control whilst completing activities which challenge balance. Co-ordination: explore	Agility: demonstrate improved body posture and speed when changing direction. Balance: change my body position to maintain a controlled centre of gravity.	Agility: change direction with a fluent action and transition smoothly between varying speeds. Balance: show fluency and control when travelling, landing, stopping and changing



	Speed: explore running at	Co-ordination: perform	a variety of activities.	increased speed when	Co-ordination:	direction.
	different speeds.	actions with increased	Speed: explore sprinting	co-ordinating my body.	demonstrate increased	Co-ordination: co-
	Strength: explore exercises	control when co-	technique.	Speed: demonstrate	speed when co-	ordinate a range of
	using my own body weight.	ordinating my body with		improved sprinting	ordinating my body.	body parts with a
		and without	Strength: explore	technique.	Speed: apply the best	fluent action at a
	Stamina: explore moving for	equipment.	building strength in		pace for a set distance	speed appropriate to
	longer periods of time and		different muscle groups.	Strength: develop	or time.	the challenge.
	identify how it makes me feel.	Speed: demonstrate		building strength in		
		running at different	Stamina: explore using	different muscle groups.	Strength: demonstrate	Speed: adapt running
		speeds.	my breath to increase		increased technique in	technique to meet the
			my ability to work for	Stamina: demonstrate	body weight exercises.	needs of the distance.
		Strength: demonstrate	longer periods of time.	using my breath to		Strength: complete
		increased control in body		maintain my work rate.	Stamina: use a steady	body weight exercises
		weight exercises.			pace to be able to move	for increased
					for sustained periods of	repetitions with
		Stamina: show an ability			time.	control and fluency.
		to work for longer				
		periods of time.				Stamina: use my
						breath to increase my
						ability to move for
						sustained periods of
						time.
Gymnastics	Shapes: explore basic shapes	Shapes: explore using	Shapes: explore	Shapes: develop the	Shapes: perform shapes	Shapes: combine and
	straight, tuck, straddle, pike.	shapes in different	matching and contrasting	range of shapes I use in	consistently and	perform gymnastic
		gymnastic balances.	shapes.	my sequences.	fluently linked with	shapes more fluently
	Balances: perform balances				other gymnastic actions.	and effectively.
	making my body tense, stretched	Balances: remember,	Balances: explore point	Inverted movements:		
	and curled.	repeat and link	and patch balances and	develop strength in	Inverted movements:	Inverted movements:
		combinations of	transition smoothly into	bridge and shoulder	explore progressions of	develop control in
	Rolls: explore barrel, straight	gymnastic balances.	and out of them.	stand.	a cartwheel.	progressions of a
	and forward roll progressions.					cartwheel bridge and
		Rolls: explore barrel,	Rolls: develop the	Balances: develop	Balances: explore	shoulder stand.
	Jumps: explore shape jumps	straight and forward roll	straight, barrel, and	control and fluency in	symmetrical and	
	including jumping off low	and put into sequence	forward roll.	individual and partner	asymmetrical balances.	Balances: explore
	apparatus.	work.		balances.		counter balance and
			Jumps: develop stepping		Rolls: develop control in	counter tension.



		Jumps: explore shape jumps and take off combinations.	into shape jumps with control.	Rolls: develop the straight, barrel, forward and straddle roll and perform them with increased control. Jumps: develop control in performing and landing rotation jumps.	the straight, barrel, forward, straddle and backward roll. Jumps: select a range of jumps to include in sequence work.	Rolls: develop fluency and consistency in the straddle, forward and backward roll. Jumps: combine and perform a range of gymnastic jumps more fluently and effectively.
Уода	Balance: perform balances and poses making my body tense, stretched and curled. Flexibility: explore poses and movements that challenge my flexibility. Strength: explore strength whilst transitioning from one pose to another. Strategy: recognise my own feelings in response to a task or activity.	Balance: remember, copy, and repeat sequences of linked poses. Flexibility: show increased awareness of extension in poses. Strength: demonstrate increased control in performing poses. Strategy: explore controlling my focus and sense of calm.	Balance: demonstrate increased control when in poses. Flexibility: explore poses and movement in relation to my breath. Strength: explore arm balances with some control. Strategy: develop my ability to stay still and keep my focus.	Balance: explore using my breath to maintain balance within a pose. Flexibility: demonstrate increased extension in poses. Strength: demonstrate increased control and strength when in a pose. Strategy: engage with mindfulness activities with increased focus.	Balance: use my breath to maintain balance within an individual and partner pose. Flexibility: develop flexibility by connecting movement with breath. Strength: demonstrate increased control and strength when in and transitioning between poses. Strategy: explore methods I can use to control how I feel.	Balance: link combinations of poses for balance with increased control in transition. Flexibility: confidently transition from one pose to another showing extension connected to breath. Strength: explore poses that challenge my strength and work to maintain increased control and strength when in and transitioning between poses. Strategy: explore methods to control how I feel with some success.

Physical Education Progression Map



Cross Country	Endurance: explore moving for longer periods of time and identify how it makes me feel.	Endurance: show an ability to work for longer periods of time	Endurance: explore using my breath to increase my ability to work for longer periods of time.	Endurance: demonstrate using my breath to maintain my work rate.	Endurance: use a steady pace to be able to move for sustained periods of time.	Endurance: use my breath to increase my ability to move for sustained periods of time.
OAA	Problem solving: suggest ideas in response to a task. Navigational skills: follow a path and lead others. Communication: communicate simple instructions and listen to others.	Problem solving: begin to plan and apply strategies to overcome a challenge. Navigational skills: follow and create a simple diagram/map. Communication: work co- operatively with a partner and a small group	Problem solving: discuss how to follow trails and solve problems. Work with others to select appropriate equipment for the task. Navigational skills: identify where I am on a simple map. Use and begin to create simple maps and diagrams and follow a trail. Communication: follow and give instructions and accept other peoples' ideas.	Problem solving: plan independently and in small groups, implementing a strategy with increased success. Navigational skills: identify key symbols on a map and follow a route. Communication: confidently communicate ideas and listen to others.	Problem solving: explore tactical planning within a team to overcome increasingly challenging tasks. Navigational skills: develop navigational skills and map reading in increasingly challenging tasks. Communication: explore a variety of communication methods with increasing success.	Problem solving: pool ideas within a group, selecting and applying the best method to solve a problem. Navigational skills: orientate a map efficiently to navigate around a course with multiple points. Communication: inclusively communicate with others, share job roles and lead when necessary.
Dance	Actions: copy, remember and repeat actions to represent a theme. Create my own actions in relation to a theme. Dynamics: explore varying speeds to represent an idea. Space: explore pathways within my performance.	Actions: accurately remember, repeat and link actions to express an idea. Dynamics: develop an understanding of dynamics. Space: develop the use	Actions: create actions in response to a stimulus individually and in groups. Dynamics: use dynamics effectively to express an idea. Space: use direction to transition between	Actions: respond imaginatively to a range of stimuli related to character and narrative. Dynamics: change dynamics confidently within a performance to express changes in character.	Actions: choreograph dances by using, adapting and developing actions and steps from different dance styles. Dynamics: confidently use dynamics to express different dance styles.	Actions: show controlled movements which express emotion and feeling. Dynamics: explore, improvise and combine dynamics to express ideas fluently and effectively on my



	Relationships: begin to explore actions and pathways with a partner. Performance: perform on my own and with others to an audience.	travelling actions to include levels. Relationships: explore working with a partner using unison, matching and mirroring. Performance: develop the use of facial expressions in my performance.	Relationships: develop an understanding of formations. Performance: perform short, self- choreographed phrases showing an awareness of timing.	Space: confidently use changes in level, direction and pathway. Relationships: use action and reaction to represent an idea. Performance: perform complex dances that communicate narrative and character well, performing clearly and fluently.	direction and patterning to express different dance styles. Relationships: confidently use formations, canon and unison to express a dance idea. Performance: perform dances expressively, using a range of performance skills, showing accuracy and fluency.	in a small group. Space and relationships: use a variety of compositional principles when creating my own dances. Performance: demonstrate a clear understanding of timing in relation to the music and other dancers throughout my performance.
Athletics	Running: explore running at different speeds. Jumping: develop balance whilst jumping and landing. Explore hopping, jumping and leaping for distance. Throwing: explore throwing for distance and accuracy	Running: develop the sprinting action. Jumping: develop jumping, hopping and skipping actions. Explore safely jumping for distance and height. Throwing: develop overarm throwing for distance.	Running: develop the sprinting technique and apply it to relay events. Jumping: develop technique when jumping for distance in a range of approaches and take off positions. Throwing: explore the technique for a pull throw.	Running: develop an understanding of speed and pace in relation to distance. Develop power and speed in the sprinting technique. Jumping: develop technique when jumping for distance. Throwing: explore power and technique when throwing for distance in a pull and heave throw.	Running: apply fluency and co-ordination when running for speed in relay changeovers. Effectively apply speeds appropriate for the event. Jumping: explore technique and rhythm in the triple jump. Throwing: develop technique and power in javelin and shot put.	Running: demonstrate a clear understanding of pace and use it to develop their own and others sprinting technique. Jumping: develop power, control and technique in the triple jump. Throwing: develop power, control and technique when throwing discus and shot put.



Swimming	Strokes: can swim over a 10m	Strokes: begin to use	Strokes: explore	Strokes: develop	Strokes: demonstrate	Strokes: identify my
	distance with a buoyancy aid.	arms and legs together,	technique for specific	technique for specific	increased technique in a	personal best in a
		more effectively across	strokes to include head	strokes to include head	range of stokes,	range of strokes.
	Breathing: can submerge	the water unaided.	above water	above water	swimming over a	Successfully select
	confidently in the water.		breaststroke,	breaststroke,	distance of 25m.	and apply my fastest
		Breathing: begin to	backstroke and front	backstroke and front		stroke over a distance
	Water safety: become aware of	explore breathing in	crawl.	crawl.	Breathing: explore	of 25m.
	water safety and explore	sync with my kicking			underwater	
	floating on my front and	action.	Breathing: begin to	Breathing: demonstrate	breaststroke breathing	Breathing:
	back.		explore front crawl	improved breathing	technique over a	demonstrate a smooth
		Water safety:	breathing technique.	technique in front crawl.	distance of 25m.	and consistent
		demonstrate awareness				breathing technique in
		of water safety and	Water safety: explore	Water safety: are	Water safety: explore	a range of strokes
		float on my front and	techniques for personal	comfortable with some	safety techniques to	over a distance of
		on my back.	survival to include	personal survival	include the H.E.L.P and	25m.
			survival strokes	techniques to include	huddle positions.	
			such as sculling and	survival strokes such as		Water safety: perform
			treading water.	sculling and treading		a variety of survival
			-	water.		techniques.

The disciplinary skills will be visited throughout the topics studied within each year.

Substantive Knowledge

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Invasion Games	Sending & receiving: know to look at my	Sending & receiving: know to control the ball	Sending & receiving: know that pointing my	Sending & receiving: know that cushioning	Sending & receiving: know that not having	Sending & receiving: understand and
Rugby/Football/Netball/Hockey/Handball/Basketball)	partner before	before sending it.	hand/foot/stick to my	a ball will help me to	a defender between	make quick decisions
	sending the ball.	Dribbling: know that	target on release will help me to send a ball	control it when receiving it.	myself and a ball carrier enables me to	about when, how and who to pass to.
	Dribbling: know that	keeping my head up will	accurately.	receiving II.	s&r with	who to pass to.
	moving with a ball is	help me to know where		Dribbling: know that	better control.	Dribbling: choose



called dribbling.	defenders are.	Dribbling: know that	protecting the ball as		the appropriate skill
		dribbling is an	I dribble will help me	Dribbling: know that	for the situation
Space: understand	Space: know that	attacking skill which	to maintain	dribbling in different	under pressure e.g. a
that being in a good	moving into space away	helps us to move	possession.	directions will help to	V dribble in
space helps us to pass	from defenders helps	towards a goal or away		lose a defender.	basketball to keep
the ball.	me to pass and receive a	from defenders.	Space: know that		the ball away from a
	ball.		moving into space will	Space: know that by	defender.
Attacking: know that		Space: know that by	help my team keep	moving to space even	
being able to move	Attacking: know that	spreading out as a	possession and score	if not receiving the	Space: understand
away from a partner	when my team is in	team we move the	goals.	ball will create space	that transitioning
helps my team to pass	possession of the ball, I	defenders away from		for a teammate.	quickly between
me the ball.	am an attacker and we	each other.	Attacking: recognise		attack and defence
	can score.	Attacking and	when to pass and	Tactics: understand	will help my team to
Defending: know that		defending: know my	when to shoot.	the need for tactics	maintain or gain
staying with a partner	Defending: know that	role as an attacker		and identify when to	possession.
makes it more	when my team is not in	and defender.	Defending: know when	use them in different	
difficult for them to	possession of the ball, I		to mark and when to	situations.	Tactics: know how to
receive the ball.	am a defender and we	Tactics: know that	attempt to win the		create and apply a
	need to try to get the	using simple tactics	ball.	Rules: understand	tactic for a specific
Tactics: know that	ball. Know that standing	will help my team to		and apply rules in a	situation or
tactics can help us	between the ball and	achieve an outcome	Tactics: know that	variety of invasion	outcome.
when playing games.	the attacker will help	e.g. we will each mark	applying attacking	games whilst playing	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	me to stop them from	a player to	tactics will help to	and officiating.	Rules: understand,
Rules: know that rules	getting the ball.	help us to gain	maintain possession	5	apply and use rules
help us to play fairly.	Tactics: understand and	possession.	and score goals. Know		consistently in a
1 1 7 . 7	apply simple tactics for	1	that		variety of invasion
	attack and defence.	Rules: know the rules	applying defending		games whilst playing
	·····	of the game and begin	tactics will help to		and officiating.
	Rules: know how to	to apply them.	deny space, gain		
	score points and follow	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	possession and stop		
	simple rules.		goals.		
			<u> </u>		
			Rules: know and		
			understand the rules		
			to be able to manage		
			our own game.		



Net/Wall Games (Tennis/Badminton/Table	Hitting: know to use	Hitting: know to watch	Shots: know that	Shots: understand	Shots: know which	Shots: understand
	the centre of the	the ball as it comes	pointing the racket	when to play a	skill to choose for	the appropriate skill
	racket for control.	towards me to help me to prepare to hit it.	face/my hand where I want the ball to go	forehand and a backhand and why.	the situation e.g. a volley if the ball is	for the situation under pressure
	Feeding: know to use		and turning my body	/	close to the net.	e.g.choosing to play
	an underarm throw to	Feeding: know to place	will help	Rallying: know that		the ball short
	feed to a partner.	enough power on a ball	me to hit accurately.	moving my feet to the	Serving: know that	over the net if I
	· I	to let it bounce once	,	ball will help me to hit	serving is how to	have just moved my
	Rallying: know that	but not too much so	Rallying: know that	in a more balanced	start a game or rally	opponent to the
	throwing/hitting to	that my	hitting towards my	position therefore	and use the rules	back of the court.
	my partner with not	partner can't return it.	partner will help them	increasing the	applied to the	
	too much power will		to return the ball	accuracy of my shot.	activity for serving.	Serving: begin to
	help them to return	Rallying: know that	easier and keep the			apply tactics when
	the ball.	sending the ball towards	rally going.	Footwork: know that	Rallying: know that	serving e.g. aiming to
		my partner will help me		getting my feet in the	playing the	serve short on the
	Footwork: know that	to keep a rally going.	Footwork: know that	right position will help	appropriate shot will	first point and then
	using a ready position		moving to the middle	me to balance before	help to keep the rally	long on the second
	will help me to move in	Footwork: know that	of my court will enable	playing a shot.	going. Know that	point.
	any direction.	using a ready position	me to cover the most		control is more	
		helps me to react	space.	Tactics: know that	important than power	Rallying: understand
	Tactics: know that	quickly and		applying attacking	to keep a rally going.	how to play
	tactics can help us to	return/catch a ball.	Tactics: know that	tactics will help me to		different shots
	be successful when		using simple tactics	score points and	Footwork: know that	depending on if a
	playing games.	Tactics: understand	will help to achieve an	create space. Know	using small, quick	rally is co-operative
		that applying simple	outcome e.g. if we	that applying	steps will allow me to	or competitive.
	Rules: know that rules	tactics makes it	spread out, we can	defending tactics will	adjust my stance to	
	help us to play fairly.	difficult for my	cover more space.	help me to deny	play a shot.	Footwork: know that
		opponent.		space, return a ball		using the
			Rules: know the rules	and limit points.	Tactics: understand	appropriate
		Rules: know how to	of the game and begin		the need for tactics	footwork will help
		score points and follow	to apply them.	Rules: know and	and identify when to	me to react to a ball
		simple rules.		understand the rules	use them in different	quickly and give me
				to be able to manage	situations.	time to prepare to
				our own game.		play a shot.
					Rules: understand	-
					and apply rules in a	Tactics: understand



					variety of net and wall games whilst playing and officiating.	when to apply some tactics for attacking and/or defending. Rules: understand, apply and use rules consistently in a variety of net and wall games whilst playing and officiating.
(CHICKET/ Kounders/ Danish Longbail)	Striking: understand that the harder I strike, the further the ball will travel. Fielding: know that throwing the ball back is quicker than running with it. Throwing: know which type of throw to use to throw over longer distances. Catching: know to watch the ball as it comes towards me. Tactics: know that	Striking: understand the role of a batter. Know that striking quickly will increase the power. Fielding: understand that there are different roles within a fielding team. Know to move towards the ball to collect it to limit a batter's points. Throwing: know that stepping with opposite foot to throwing arm will help me to balance.	Striking: know that striking to space away from fielders will help me to score. Fielding: know to look at where a batter is before deciding what to do. Know to communicate with teammates before throwing them a ball. Throwing: know that overarm throwing is used for long distances and underarm throwing for shorter distances.	Striking: know that using the centre of the bat will provide the most control and accuracy. Fielding: know that it easier to field a ball that is coming towards me rather than away so set up accordingly. Throwing: understand that being balanced before throwing will help to improve the accuracy of the throw.	Striking: understand that stance is important to allow me to be balanced as I hit. Fielding: know that backing up a fielder as a ball is being thrown will help to increase the chances of fielding successfully. Throwing: understand where to throw the ball in relation to where a batter is.	Striking: understand that the momentum and power for striking a ball comes from legs as well as arms. Fielding: know which fielding action to apply for the situation. Throwing and catching: consistently make good decisions on who to throw to and when to throw in order to get batters
	tactics can help us when playing games. Rules: know that rules help us to play fairly.	Catching: know to use wide fingers and pull the ball in to my chest to help me to securely catch.	Catching: know to move my feet to the ball. Tactics: know that using simple tactics	Catching: know to track the ball as it is thrown to help to improve the consistency of	Catching: understand when to use a close catch technique or deep catch technique. Tactics: understand the need for tactics	out. Know that accuracy, speed and consistency of throwing and catching will help to limit a batter's



		Tactics: understand and apply simple tactics for attack (batting) and defence (fielding). Rules: know how to score points and follow simple rules.	will help my team to achieve an outcome e.g. we will spread out to deny space. Rules: know the rules of the game and begin to apply them.	catching. Tactics: know that applying attacking tactics will help to score points and avoid getting out. Know that applying defending tactics will help to deny space, get	and identify when to use them in different situations. Rules: understand and apply rules in a variety of striking and fielding games whilst playing and officiating.	score. Tactics: understand and apply some tactics in the game as a batter, bowler and fielder. Rules: understand, apply and use rules consistently in a
				opponents out and limit points. Rules: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own game.		variety of striking and fielding games whilst playing and officiating.
Target Games (Dodgeball/Bowling/Curling/Boccia)	Throwing: know which type of throw to use for distance and accuracy. Know that my body position will affect the accuracy of my throw.	Throwing: know that stepping with opposite foot to throwing arm will help you to balance. Know that moving my arm quicker will give me more power.	Throwing: know to throw slightly ahead of a moving target. Catching (dodgeball): know that beginning in a ready position will help me to react to	Throwing: know that one handed throws are used for speed and accuracy. Know that keeping my elbow high and stepping with my opposite foot will help	Throwing: know to aim low to make it difficult for an opponent to catch. Catching (dodgeball): know to stay towards the back of the court	Throwing: know who to throw at and when to throw in order to get opponents out. Catching (dodgeball): know that I need to
	Tactics: know that tactics can help us when playing games. Rules: know that rules	Striking: know to finish with my object/hand/foot pointing at my target.	the ball. Striking: know that using a bigger swing will give me more	to increase the power. Catching (dodgeball): know that moving my	area to give me more time to catch. Striking: know that	make quick decisions on if to catch or if to dodge the ball.
	help us to play fairly.	Tactics: understand and apply simple tactics. Rules: know how to score points and follow simple rules.	power. Tactics: know that using simple tactics will help my team to achieve an outcome	feet to a ball and pulling it in to my chest will help me to catch more consistently.	aligning my body and equipment before striking will help me to be balanced. Tactics: understand	Striking: know which skill to select for the situation. Tactics: know how to create and apply a



			e.g. spread out	Striking: know that	the need for tactics	tactic for a specific
			so that we are harder	using a smooth action	and identify when to	situation or
			to aim for.	will help to increase	use them in different	outcome.
			Rules: know the rules	accuracy.	situations.	Rules: understand,
			of the game and begin			apply and use rules
			to apply them.	Tactics: know that	Rules: understand	consistently in a
				applying attacking	and apply rules in a	variety of target
				tactics will help me to	variety of target	games whilst playing
				score points and get	games whilst playing	and officiating.
				opponents out.	and officiating.	
				Know that applying		
				defending tactics will		
				help me to stay in the		
				game.		
				-		
				Rules: know and		
				understand the rules		
				to be able to manage		
				our own game.		
Fitness	Agility: understand	Agility: know using small	Agility: understand	Agility: know that	Agility: understand	Agility: understand
1111000	that bending my knees	quick steps helps me to	how agility helps us	keeping my elbows	that to change	that agility requires
	will help me to change	change direction.	with everyday tasks.	bent when changing	direction I push off	speed, strength,
	direction.	5	, ,	direction will help me	my outside foot and	good balance and co-
		Balance: understand	Balance: understand	to stay balanced.	turn my hips.	ordination.
	Balance: know that	that I can squeeze my	how balance helps us	'	, ,	
	looking ahead will help	muscles to help me to	with everyday tasks.	Balance: understand	Balance: understand	Balance: know where
	me to balance.	balance.	, ,	that I need to	that dynamic	and when to apply
			Co-ordination:	squeeze different	, balances are harder	force to maintain
	Co-ordination: know	Co-ordination:	understand how co-	muscles to help me to	than static balances	control and balance.
	that using the	understand that some	ordination helps us	stay balanced in	as my centre of	
	opposite arm to leg at	skills require me to	with everyday tasks.	different activities.	gravity changes.	Co-ordination:
	the same time helps	move body parts at	,,,		5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	understand that co-
	me to perform skills	different times such	Speed: understand	Co-ordination:	Co-ordination:	ordination also
	such as running and	as skipping.	that leaning slightly	understand that if I	understand that	requires good
	throwing.	······································	forwards helps to	begin in a ready	people will have	balance and know
	····· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Speed: know that I take	increase speed.	position I can react	varying levels of co-	how to achieve this.
		opeca know mar I luke	mer cuse speed.	position i cun reder	ta ying levels of CO-	now to achieve this.



						1
	Speed: understand	shorter steps to jog and	Leaning my body in the	quicker.	ordination and that I	
	that if I swing my	bigger steps to run.	opposite direction to		can get better with	Speed: know that
	arms it will help me to		travel helps to slow	Speed: understand	practice.	speed can be
	run faster.	Strength: know that	down.	that a high knee		improved by training
		strength helps us with		drive, pumping my	Speed: understand	and know which
	Strength: understand	everyday tasks such as	Strength: know that	arms and running on	that taking big	speed to select for
	that exercise helps	carrying our school bag.	when completing	the balls of my feet	consistent strides	the distance.
	me to become		strength activities	gives me	will help to create a	Strength:
	stronger.	Stamina: know that I	they need to be	power.	rhythm that allows	understand that I
		need to run slower if	performed slowly and		me to run faster.	can build up my
	Stamina: understand	running for a long	with control	Strength: understand	Strength: know the	strength by
	that when I move for	period of time.	to help me to stay	that strength comes	muscles I am using by	practicing in my own
	a long time it can		safe.	from different	name.	time.
	make me feel hot and			muscles and know how		
	I breathe faster.		Stamina: understand	I can improve my	Stamina: understand	Stamina: know which
			how stamina helps us	strength.	that keeping a steady	exercises can
			in other life activities.		breath will help me to	develop stamina and
				Stamina: understand	move for longer	understand that it
				that I need to pace	periods of time.	can be improved by
				myself when running		training over
				further or for a long		time.
				period of time.		
Gymnastics	Shapes: understand	Shapes: know that some	Shapes: understand	Shapes: understand	Shapes: understand	Shapes: know which
- /	that I can improve my	shapes link well	how to use body	how shapes can be	that shapes underpin	shapes to use for
	shapes by extending	together.	tension to make my	used to improve my	all other skills.	each skill.
	parts of my body.	-	shapes look better.	sequence.		
		Balances: understand			Inverted movements:	Inverted
	Balances: know that	that squeezing my	Balances: understand	Inverted movements:	understand that	movements:
	balances should be	muscles helps me to	that I can make my	know that inverted	sometimes I need to	understand that
	held for 5 seconds.	balance.	balances look	movements are	move slowly to gain	spreading my weight
			interesting by using	actions in which my	control and other	across a base of
	Rolls: know that I can	Rolls: understand that	different levels.	hips go above my	times I need to move	support will help me
	use different shapes	there are different		head.	quickly to build	to balance.
	to roll.	teaching points for	Rolls: understand the		momentum.	••••••••
		different rolls.	safety considerations	Balances: know how to		Balances: know
	Jumps: know that		when performing more	keep myself and	Balances: understand	where and when to
	Campo, Know man	l	this performing nore	heep myself and	Paranees, ander stand	where and when to



	landing on the balls of	Jumps: understand that	difficult rolls.	others safe when	how to use	apply force to
	my feet helps me to	looking forward will help		performing partner	contrasting balances	maintain control and
	land with control.	me to land with control.	Jumps: understand	balances.	to make my	balance.
			that I can change the		sequences look	
	Strategy: know that if	Strategy: know that if I	take off and shape of	Rolls: understand	interesting.	Rolls: understand
	I use a starting and	use shapes that link well	my jumps to make	that I can keep the		that I can use
	finishing position,	together it will help my	them look interesting.	shape of my roll using	Rolls: understand	momentum to help
	people will know when	sequence to flow.		body tension.	that I need to work	me to roll and where
	my sequence has		Strategy: know that if		within my own	that momentum
	begun and when it has		I use different levels	Jumps: know that I	capabilities and this	comes from.
	ended.		it will help to make my	can control my landing	may be different to	
			sequence look	by landing toes first,	others.	Jumps: understand
			interesting.	looking forwards and		that taking off from
				bending my knees.	Jumps: understand	two feet will give me
					that I can use jumps	more height and
				Strategy: know that	to link actions and	therefore more time
				if I use different	changing the shape	in the air.
				directions it will help	of these will make my	
				to make my sequence	sequence look	Strategy: know that
				look interesting.	interesting.	if I use changes in
					5	formation it will help
					Strategy: know that	to make my sequence
					if I use different	look interesting.
					pathways it will help	
					to make my sequence	
					look interesting.	
Yoga	Balance: know that if	Balance: understand	Balance: understand	Balance: understand	Balance: understand	Balance: know where
, ogu	I focus on something	that I can squeeze my	that if I use the	that if I move with	that I need to apply	and when to apply
	still it will help me to	muscles to help me to	whole of the body	my breath it will help	force to maintain	force to maintain
	balance.	balance.	part in contact with	me to balance.	balance in a partner	control and balance.
			the floor, it will help		pose.	
	Flexibility: know that	Flexibility: know that	me to balance.	Flexibility:	F	Flexibility: know
	yoga helps to improve	flexibility helps us to		understand which	Flexibility:	which of my muscles
	flexibility which we	stretch our muscles and	Flexibility: know that	body parts I am	understand that I	require more
	need in everyday	increase the movement	if I move as I breathe	trying to extend in	can improve my	practice to increase
	tasks.	in our joints.	out I can stretch a	different poses.	flexibility when	my flexibility.
	145165.	in our joinis:			fiexibility when	my nextonry.



	Strength: know that I can use my strength to move slowly and with control. Strategy: understand that yoga can make me feel happy.	Strength: know that strength helps us with everyday tasks such as carrying our school bag. Strategy: understand that I can use yoga to make me feel calm.	little bit further. Strength: understand that I need to use different muscles for different poses. Strategy: know that I can use my breath to focus.	Strength: understand that people have different levels of strength. Strategy: understand that mindfulness is a personal journey.	moving with my breath. Strength: know the muscles I am using by name. Strategy: understand that there are different techniques I can use to control how I feel.	Strength: understand that I can build up my strength by practicing in my own time. Strategy: identify times in my everyday life when mindfulness activities would be helpful for my wellbeing.
Cross Country	Endurance: understand that when I move for a long time it can make me feel hot and I breathe faster.	Endurance: know that I need to run slower if running for a long period of time.	Endurance: understand how endurance helps us in other life activities	Endurance: understand that I need to pace myself when running further or for a long period of time.	Endurance: understand that keeping a steady breath will help me to move for longer periods of time.	Endurance: know which exercises can develop stamina and understand that it can be improved by training over time.
OAA	Problem solving: know that working collaboratively with others will help to solve challenges. Navigational skills: know that deciding which way to go before starting will help me. Communication: know that using short	Problem solving: know that listening to each other's ideas might give us an idea we hadn't thought of. Navigational skills: understand that the map tells us what to do. Communication: know to use encouraging words when speaking to a partner or group to help	Problem solving: know that trying ideas before deciding on a solution will help us to come up with the best idea. Navigational skills: know to hold the map so that the items on the map match up to the items that have been placed out.	Problem solving: know that discussing the advantages and disadvantages of ideas will help to guide us to a conclusion about which idea to use. Navigational skills: understand how to use a key and use the cardinal points on a map to orientate it.	Problem solving: recognise that there may be more than one way to solve a challenge and that trial and error may help to guide me to the best solution. Navigational skills: use a key to identify objects and locations.	Problem solving: understand that being able to solve problems is an important life skill. Navigational skills: understand why having good navigational skills are important. Communication: know that good

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	in advantation a mill books	4h 4 -	Communication: know	Communication:	Communication: know	communication skills
	instructions will help	them to				
	my partner e.g.	trust me.	to take turns when	understand that	to be descriptive but	are key to solving
	start/stop.	Reflection: verbalise	giving ideas and not to	there are different	concise when giving	problems and
		when I am successful	interrupt each other.	types of	instructions e.g. 'two	working effectively
	Reflection: identify	and areas that I could		communication and	steps to the left'.	as a team.
	when I am successful	improve.	Reflection: reflect on	that I can		
	and make basic		when and why I am	communicate	Reflection: reflect on	Reflection: with
	observations about	Rules: know how to	successful at solving	without talking.	when I am successful	increasing accuracy,
	how to improve.	follow and apply simple	challenges.	Reflection: with	at solving challenges	reflect on when and
		rules.		increased accuracy,	and alter my methods	how I am successful
	Rules: know that rules		Rules: know that using	critically reflect on	in order to improve.	at solving challenges
	help us to play fairly.		the rules honestly will	when and why I am		and
			help to keep myself	successful at solving	Rules: know that	alter my methods in
			and others safe.	challenges.	abiding by rules will	order to improve.
					enable my classmates	1
				Rules: understand the	to complete the	Rules: understand
				importance of	course e.g. not	the rules and think
				working with	moving controls.	creatively to solve
				integrity.	interning controlor.	the challenge whilst
				integrity.		abiding by the rules.
Dance	Actions: understand	Actions: know that	Actions: understand	Actions: understand	Actions: understand	Actions: understand
Dunce	that actions can be	sequencing actions in a	that sharing ideas	that some actions are	that different dance	that actions can be
	sequenced to create a	particular order will	with others enables	better suited to a	styles utilise	improved with
	dance.	help me to tell the	my group to work	certain character.	selected actions to	consideration to
	uunce.	story of my dance.	collaboratively and try	mood or idea than	develop sequences in	extension, shape and
	Dynamics: understand	story of my dance.	ideas before deciding			
	,		5	others.	a specific	recognition of
	that I can create fast	Dynamics: understand	on the best actions		style.	intent.
	and slow actions to	that I can change the	for our dance.	Dynamics: understand	N .	. .
	show an idea.	way I perform actions		that some dynamics	Dynamics:	Dynamics:
		to show an idea.	Dynamics: understand	are better suited to a	understand that	understand that
	Space: understand		that all actions can be	certain character,	different dance	selecting a variety
	that there are	Space: know that I can	performed differently	mood or idea than	styles utilise	of dynamics in my
	different directions	use different	to help to show	others.	selected dynamics to	performance can
	and pathways within	directions, pathways	effect.		express mood.	help to take the
	space.	and levels in my dance.		Space: understand		audience
			Space: understand	that space can be	Space: understand	on a journey through



	Relationships:	Relationships: know that	that T can use share	used to eveness a	that space relates to	my dance idea.
	understand that when	·	that I can use space	used to express a	I	my dance idea.
		using counts of 8 will	to help my dance to	certain character,	where my body moves	
	dancing with a partner	help me to stay in time	flow.	mood or idea.	both on the floor and	Space and
	it is important to be	with my partner and the			in the air.	relationships: know
	aware of each other	music.	Relationships:	Relationships:	Relationships:	that combining space
	and		understand that	understand that some	understand that	and relationships
	keep in time.	Performance: know that	'formation' means the	relationships are	different dance	with a prop can help
		using facial expressions	same in dance as in	better suited to a	styles utilise	me to express my
	Performance: know	helps to show the mood	other activities such	certain character,	selected	dance idea.
	that standing still at	of my dance.	as football, rugby and	mood or idea than	relationships to	
	the start and at the		gymnastics.	others.	express mood.	Performance:
	end of the dance lets	Strategy: know that if I				understand how a
	the audience know	practice my dance my	Performance:	Performance: know	Performance:	leader can ensure
	when I	performance will	understand that I can	that being aware of	understand what	our dance group
	have started and when	improve.	use timing techniques	other performers in	makes a performance	performs together.
	I have finished.		such as canon and	my group will help us	effective and know	
			unison to create	to move in time.	how to apply these	Strategy: know that
	Strategy: know that if		effect.		principles to my own	if I keep in
	I use exaggerated			Strategy: know that I	and others' work.	character
	actions it helps the		Strategy: know that if	can select from a		throughout, it will
	audience to see them		I show sensitivity to	range of dance	Strategy: know that	help me to express
	clearly.		the music, my	techniques to	if I use dance	an atmosphere or
	cical ly.		performance will look	translate my idea.	principles it will help	mood that can be
			more complete.	in anotario ing raca.	me to express an	interpreted by the
			more complete.		atmosphere or mood.	audience.
Athletics	Running: understand	Running: know that	Running: understand	Running: understand	Running: understand	Running: understand
Americs	that if I swing my	running on the balls of	that leaning slightly	that I need to pace	that taking big	that I need to
	arms it will help me to	my feet, taking big	forwards helps to	myself when running	consistent strides	prepare my body for
	run faster.	steps and having elbows	increase speed.	further or for a long	will help to create a	running and know the
	run juster.			period of time.		-
	T	bent will help me to run	Leaning my body in the		rhythm that allows	muscle groups I will
	Jumping: know that	faster.	opposite direction to	Understand that a	me to	need to use.
	landing on the balls of	Turne in an Innan Alast	travel helps to slow	high knee drive,	run faster.	Tunnin a sural areas
	my feet helps me to	Jumping: know that	down.	pumping my arms and	Understand that	Jumping: understand
	land with control.	swinging my arms	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	running on the balls	keeping a steady	that a run up builds
	Understand	forwards will help me to	Jumping: know that if	of my feet gives me	breath will help me	speed and power and
	that if I bend my	jump further.	I jump and land in	power.	when running longer	enables me to jump



			suiste aussiantisse alles		م	further.
	knees it will help me		quick succession, the	T	distances.	further.
	to jump further.	Throwing: know that I	momentum will help me	Jumping: understand		
		can throw in a straight	to jump further.	that transferring	Jumping: know that if	Throwing:
	Throwing: know that	line by pointing my	Throwing: understand	weight will help me to	I drive my knees high	understand that I
	stepping forward with	throwing hand at my	that the speed of the	jump further.	and fast I can build	need to prepare my
	my opposite foot to	target as I let	movement helps to		power and therefore	body for throwing
	hand will help me to	go of the object.	create power.	Throwing: understand	distance in my jumps.	and know the muscle
	throw			that transferring		groups I will need to
	further.	Rules: know how to	Rules: know the rules	weight will help me to	Throwing: know how	use.
		follow simple rules when	of the event and begin	throw further.	to transfer my	
	Rules: know that rules	working with others.	to apply them.		weight in different	Rules: understand
	help us to play fairly.			Rules: know and	throws to increase	and apply rules in
				understand the rules	the distance.	events that pose an
				to be able to manage		increased risk.
				our own events.	Rules: understand	
					and apply rules in a	
					variety of events	
					using official	
					equipment.	
Swimming	Strokes: understand	Strokes: understand	Strokes: know that	Strokes: understand	Strokes: understand	Strokes: understand
, and the second s	that using cupped	that moving my arms	lifting my hips will	that keeping my legs	that pulling harder	that making my body
	hands will help me to	quickly will help me to	help me to stay afloat	together for crawl	through the water	streamlined helps
	swim as the water	pass through the water.	whilst swimming.	helps me to stay	will enable me to	me to glide through
	cannot escape	-	_	straight	travel the	the
	between my fingers.	Breathing: know that	Breathing: know that	in the water.	distance in fewer	water.
		when I swim, I inhale	turning my head to		strokes and travel	
	Breathing: know that I	through my mouth when	the side to breathe	Breathing: know that	faster.	Breathing:
	need to take a big	my face is above water	will allow me to swim	breathing out with a		understand that the
	breath before	and exhale through my	with good technique.	slow consistent	Breathing: know that	more I practice my
	submerging.	mouth or nose when my	5 1	breath enables me to	breathing every	breathing in the
	5.5	face is underwater.	Water safety: know	swim	three strokes helps	water, the more
	Water safety:		that treading water	for longer before	to balance my stroke	my heart and lungs
	understand that	Water safety:	enables me to keep	needing another	and allows me to	can work effectively
	floating can help me	understand that	upright and in the	breath.	practise breathing on	and aid my muscles
	to stay safe.	floating uses less	same	Di Gam.	both sides.	with the ability to
	to stay sure.	energy than swimming.	space.	Water safety: know	50111 51065.	utilise
		energy mun swimming.	space.	Wulei Suleiy, KIOW	1	uninse

Rules: know that			what to do if I fall in	Water safety: know	oxygen when
walking on poolside	Rules: know how to	Rules: know that the	the water.	that a group of	swimming.
helps to keep me safe.	safely enter and exit	water should be clear		people can huddle	
	the pool.	of swimmers before	Rules: understand the	together to conserve	Water safety: know
		entering.	water safety rules.	body heat, support	which survival
				each other and	technique to use for
				provide a larger	the situation.
				target for rescuers.	
					Rules: understand
				Rules: understand	that different
				rules in and around	environments have
				water.	different rules to
					keep us safe around
					water.